

Just fifteen years ago, the biggest threat to traditional commerce was the internet. Brands that were quick to launch transactional websites (and later apps) emerged as victors. Now, those same brands face losing out to the emerging dominance of online marketplaces - the disruptor has become the disrupted.

Retail is the most obvious example of an industry facing this disruption. But it isn't the only one affected - online marketplaces have also made their mark on sectors such as travel and leisure. Even the trades have not escaped, with plumbers, electricians

More categories will follow, particularly those already highly intermediated; for example, by classified advertising and Online Comparison Platforms (OCPs) in categories such as personal finance, insurance, telecoms and utilities. Auto retailers are

For those who dismiss online marketplaces as bazaars for second-hand goods, here are a few stats to make you sit up:

and click on ManoMano, rather than 10 (20%) 70 (10%) a DIY brand, to stock up for weekend projects. Other 47 (7%) 2. Ten players account for 70% 58 (8%)

GMV1, 2020 (#, \$bn)

United States

of the gross merchandise value Japan 2 (4%) (GMV) processed through online Indonesia -2 (4%) 19 (3%) marketplaces in these established 4 (8%) 29 (4%) India categories...

Amazon, Booking.com, Expedia, and Europe Uber Eats, have become increasingly powerful and difficult to challenge. 3. The Americans are increasingly dominant. Outside of China, 8 out of the top 10

...and they each process GMV of over

20 billion dollars. Big names, such as

and builders bidding for jobs on sites such as MyBuilder.

1. By 2025, online marketplaces will overtake first party eCommerce

channels in established categories (as defined below), such as clothing,

We'll buy a jacket through Vinted,

rather than a fashion brand's website,

already on guard, and others will be next.

travel, and books.

marketplaces are American, and the remaining two are Asian. Looking to the top 50, European marketplaces are better represented (at least in number), but their scale pales in comparison to American and Asian players. These European players are under pressure to define a sustainable position in the face of the US giants.

43 amazon

290

Number **GMV** 1. Gross Merchandise Value Source: Digital Commerce 360 LARGEST MARKETPLACES BY 3P GMV BY COUNTRY/REGION, 2020

Retailer has a contract with the customer

Established

Marketplace

total spend)

Furniture / Homeware

Clothing

Travel

Consumer Tech

Personal Care

Categories (\$15tn)

40% of total global spend Focus of document -

where marketplaces are material today (c.40% of

We have included

Agencies (OTAs), but

not online classified

or price comparison

% CAGR

19-20

17-19

Online Travel

websites.

Categories with high marketplace penetration.

Retailer holds full customer data

Grocery

1.6

1.2

0.9

0.8

0.8

7.3

Examples:

This report focuses on product categories already highly penetrated by online marketplaces, including, retail, travel, ticketing and food delivery. We also take a look at some of the nascent marketplace categories, which are likely to constitute the next big

In 2020, established marketplace categories accounted for \$15tn (40%) of total global consumer spend, excluding China. It must be noted that Covid made this an unusual year in which business largely dried up for travel marketplaces, but business boomed

China is excluded from our figures given that it is an insulated market with very dominant local players (more on this later).

TOP 50 MARKETPLACES (EXCL. CHINA) BY REGION, NUMBER AND 3RD PARTY (NON PLATFORM-OWNED)

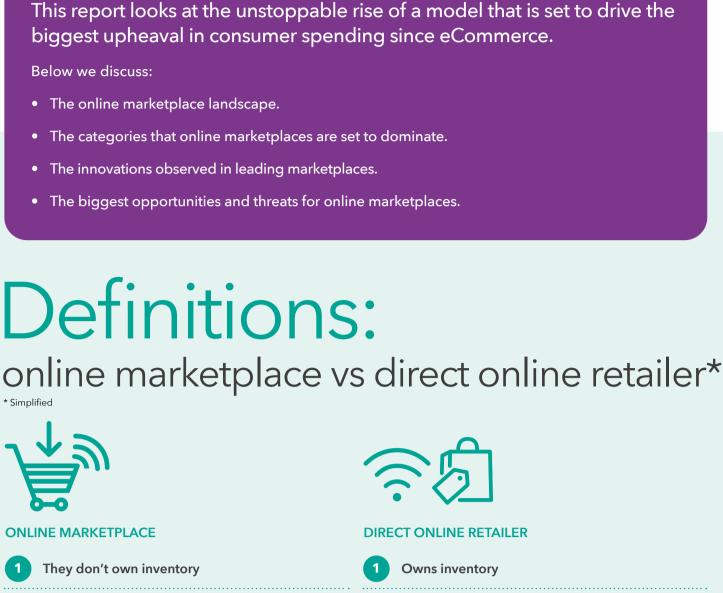
13 (26%)

19 (38%)

717

494 (69%)

50



Excluded Categories Education Other Cultural Services (\$10tn) In-Restaurant Dining Categories not covered in this document 0.9 c.25% of total global 2.0 Health

1.3

2.4

2.5

Vehicle Purchase

Finance / Insurance

GLOBAL VIEW OF CONSUMER SPEND EXCLUDING CHINA

Sellers have a contract with the buyer

The seller receives some (sometimes limited)

deliveroo

(not the marketplace)

HOW WE CREATED THIS REPORT

for food delivery, for example.

buyer information

Examples:

growth areas.

(\$tn 2020)

DIY / Garden / Pets Categories with high **Utilities** Other established categories¹ marketplace penetration (c.35% of total global spend) Real Estate 1. Luxury Goods, Books, Other Retail Source: Euromonitor, Statista

Online



intermediation (e.g. classifieds) but low

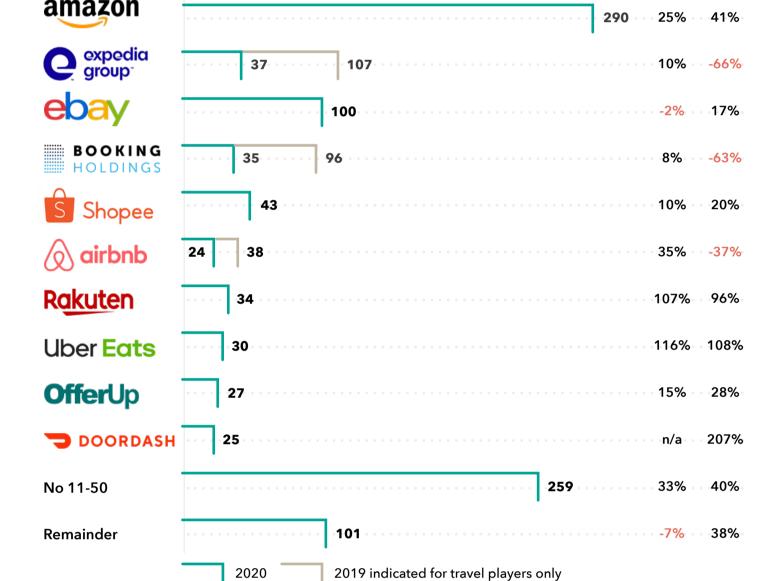
GMV, \$bn, 2020

Nascent Marketplace

Categories (\$14tn)







In aggregate, the Top 10 grew at 17% per year between 2017 and 2019, albeit with significant variation in growth rates between them. Covid shook this up, with online travel agents such as Expedia and Airbnb, suffering; while Amazon and Uber Eats benefited from lockdown ordering. It remains to be seen to what extent consumers will continue their new online habits, if and when

Gross Merchandise Value from third-party merchants, facilitated by marketplaces
Includes largest ecommerce. travel, food delivery and ticketing marketplaces
Does not include valuation for UberEats or Offerup due to lack of availability of information

Source: Digital Commerce 360, Company annual reports

50+ marketplaces outside of China

had 3P GMV of over \$1bn in 2020

LL) Gmail Pp Cal

Sign in with your Google Account to create and manage personal bookshelves, share books with friends, and see what they are reading.

le has reached a

Browse subjects Body, Mind & Chin

Established Marketplace Categories

life returns to 'normal'.

tplace model? Health & Fitne The success of a marketplace is a function both of the local environment in which it operates, and the dynamics of the industry it serves - explaining why online marketplace penetration is high in some categories, but low in others within the same country.

> ✓ Fragmented supply ✓ Low vertical integration

consumer spend High product margins

Large national markets

✓ High internet adoption Established delivery infrastructure

Order status

✓ Diverse, fragmented buyer base

SUPPORTIVE SUPPLY STRUCTURE

✓ Low eCommerce capability

ATTRACTIVE PROFIT POOLS

IN **OUT** Categories with large pool of Digital media, fashion, Scuba gear ticketing, travel SUITABLE LOCAL ENVIRONMENT IN **OUT**

Books, art and crafts

US, Poland, UK

Marketplace

penetration in

OUT

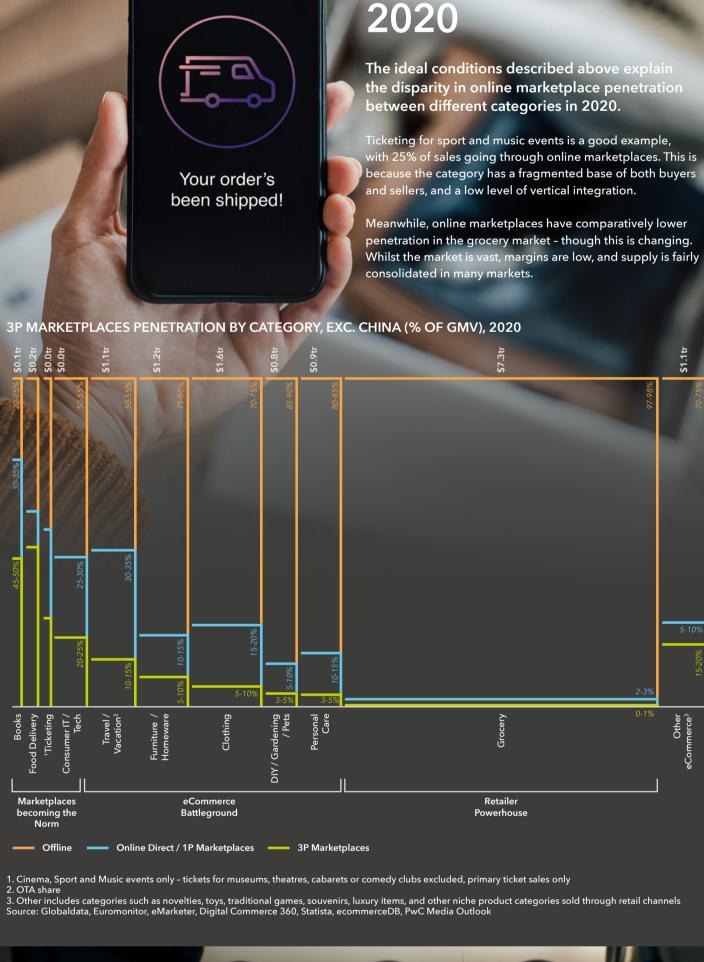
Medicine, laptops

Kenya, Peru

IN

Top 10 marketplaces (c.70% of total)

grew at 17% CAGR 17-19



By 2025, marketplaces will overtake direct eCommerce spending in established categories and will begin to appear in new categories. The first to benefit (or succumb!) are likely to be those in which buyers already use classified adverts or price comparison websites as part of the purchasing journey. Our bets for the next categories to be disrupted by marketplaces are as follows: Real Estate Classified advertising platforms like Rightmove, Zillow and ImmoScout24 are often the first port of call for home buyers and real estate agents alike. The vast majority of these portals are not transactional (yet) - but moves such as the advent of iBuying models (by Zillow, for example), or Axel Springer's minority investment

overhaul of the classified advertising model.

commonplace in utilities even more quickly.

Carnext/Constellation and Buyacar's lead generation in the UK.

Which marketplaces command the

this can vary widely, both within and between categories.

They offer value-added services, such as payment processing, fulfilment, and advertising.

The amount that a marketplace charges a supplier and/or buyer is known as a 'take rate', with a market average of c.14-15% of transaction value - though

They can justify charging both the buyer and seller, e.g. some travel and food delivery marketplaces, ticketing and many

Automotive Purchasing

Finance & Insurance

highest commission?

Marketplaces can extract more value in their take rates if:

They are a dominant distribution channel with limited competition.

by stealth'.

Utilities

in the UK's Purplebricks (an online real estate agent) may signal tentative steps towards a more radical

Vehicle transactions (particularly used vehicles) have similar dynamics to real estate transactions, with classified advertising platforms playing a critical role in connecting a highly fragmented base of buyers and sellers. As the most sophisticated platforms become increasingly full-service, transactional models may well be the logical next step, as seen in Autoscout's launch of Smile, or the transactional marketplace elements in

In some mature markets like the UK, Online Comparison Platforms (OCPs) are already a dominant distribution channel for finance and insurance products. Whilst these platforms originated as simple lead generation businesses (and still are in many markets), some European OCPs like Zmarta in Sweden have built the capability to execute the entire transaction on their own platforms - effectively becoming a 'marketplace

Distribution dynamics are very similar to finance & insurance, with OCPs being an important distribution channel. But as these transactions are often very simple and commoditised, marketplaces may become

auction platforms. Curated content gives them a premium positioning - as consumers are willing to pay more for their recommendations. Products are high margin or have limited incremental cost of sale. **AVERAGE MARKETPLACE TAKE RATES BY CATEGORY** Min. Average (% of Gross Revenue) 30-35% Ticketing 20-25% Clothing

ASE STUDY

1. Single category used for category specialists selling in one vertical (e.g. Homeware), multi-category marketplace includes

it to charge a higher take rate c.50% vs c.30% for Airbnb). writing and photography, streamlined reservation management, and thorough housekeeping after every stay."

vacasa Service that pays off.

How did Covid impact these dynamics? Covid drove a significant increase in online penetration across most categories, as consumers were effectively forced to transact online in many cases. The exceptions to this are grocery, as stores remained open, and travel, where transaction volumes largely dried up. We also saw third party marketplaces capitalise on the opportunities Covid presented and take share from direct commerce - in fact, DIY, Gardening & Pets is the only group of categories where this didn't play out. It remains to be seen how this will play out as we move towards a 'new normal' - but across many markets where lockdown restrictions have eased, these new consumer behaviours often appear to be sticking. MARKETPLACE PENETRATION BY CATEGORY, EXC. CHINA (% OF GMV), 2019-20 **Established Marketplace Categories** 85 80 75 70 65 60 **Books** Online penetration of category (%) Food deliver 55 Travel / Vacation 50 3P Marketplace penetration of total 45 Ticketing¹ consumer spend 40 30% 35 Consumer IT / Tech 30 20% 25 Clothing 20 Other eCommerce2 Furniture / Homeware 15 10% Grocery 10 DIY / Gardening / Pets Personal care 5 0 75 80 0 5 10 15 20 25 40 45 50 55 60 70 85 Marketplace 3P penetration of online (%) 2019 2020 Bubble Size Indicates Consumer Spend in Category (exc China) 1. Cinema, Sport and Music events only - tickets for museums, theatres, cabarets or comedy clubs excluded, primary ticket sales only 2. Other includes categories such as novelties, toys, traditional games, souvenirs, luxury items, and other niche product categories sold through retail channels Source: Globaldata, Euromonitor, eMarketer, Digital Commerce 360, Statista, ecommerceDB, PwC Media Outlook So which categories are next? 07 Standard Shipping ~ thipping y on 07/30 ⑦ 7 3185 Add to Cart **Buy Now**

Travel **Food Delivery** Single Category

mass merchants (e.g. Amazon) Source: William Blair, Digital Commerce 360, Annual reports

US vacation rental marketplace Vacasa's comprehensive range of value-added services allow than competitors (an average of For example, Vacasa offers rental owners "24-hour local guest support, 360-degree home tours, professional

20-25%

15-20%

14-15%

10-15%

Max.

Take Rate (%)

"24-hour local guest support, 360-degree

virtual home tours, professional

housekeeping after every stay"

writing and photography, streamlined

reservation management, and thorough

Light ways to innovate

Looking across global marketplaces, we see a series of interesting innovations. Clearly the relevance of these to any specific situation or business will vary, but there are lessons to be learned for all types of marketplace.

Examples:

FARFETCH is the marketplace for fashion "handpicked from the world's best brands and boutiques". Shoppers are treated to highly curated ranges, such as "Icon-status bags" or "Timeless core collections". That's after they've finished browsing the site's strong editorial pages, including articles on "post lockdown dressing" and "5 ways to shop pre-owned".

Curate products and offer a great customer experience

Examples:

amazonbasics

Launch own-brand products Large scale marketplaces have the data to spot which products are selling well, and where the gaps lie. Amazon has a clutch of private label brands. Some, such as Amazon Basics and

Examples:

Amazon Fresh, are eponymous. Others are harder to spot, including pet brand Wag and healthy eating range Happy Belly.

Marketplaces must be careful to balance this approach with the needs of their suppliers. In 2019, fashion marketplace Zalando refined its private-label assortment to "pursue a complementary strategy with its partner brands".

amazon go **FARFETCH**

The Real Real

Examples:

Build an offline presence An IRL (in real life) store can increase brand recognition and, in some cases, credibility with

inviting people to hang out, view exhibitions and use its photo studio. The array of activities

and Instagram-friendly bright red building speaks to its Gen Z client base and promotes

consumers and suppliers. In 2017, UK fashion resale site Depop opened its first bricks and mortar location in Los Angeles, USA. It was "opened as a space for the community and creatives alike",

brand recognition.

ZALORA **彌 THREAD** Fashion marketplace Thread also uses AI to recommend clothes depending on an individual's profile.

Embrace Al The application of AI to customer data enables features such as product recommendation and Fashionistas browsing the editorial pages of Asian fashion marketplace Zalora can click on an outfit they like and the site will return products similar to those in the picture.

Examples: iBuyer.com **全 Zillow**® **Surplex**

Examples:

Gogallow 🔂

🚮 mercari

Vinted

Launch Instant buying Instant buying (iBuying) occurs when a marketplace purchases under-priced items directly from the seller to sell in the future for a profit. It is a nascent category (and technically not a marketplace model as it involves taking inventory risk), but has potential, both in big-ticket items

US real estate marketplace Zillow was an example of an early-mover. Deploying capital to purchase sellers' homes and sell them on, until they recently closed down this activity given their thin margins and market uncertainty. Innovate with auction-based pricing models

like cars and property, and small-ticket items like books.

eBay is the platform that most obviously comes to mind when it comes to online auctions. However, paying more than your rival isn't the only way to win an auction. Market place MyBuilder.com uses a reverse auction model, where a homeowner posts a job, e.g. a leaking tap, and plumbers will offer their best quote. The owner selects from the bidders and, all else tap, and plumbers will one; their best queen mechanic is now moving into the consumer being equal, the lowest price wins. The auction mechanic is now moving into the consumer mainstream with many recent investments into the space by investors. **Examples:**

Launch an app for second-hand products The sale of second-hand goods is the classic use case for marketplaces, from classified

newspaper ads to eBay. Environmentally-driven demand for "pre-loved" items has driven a

Examples:

surge in demand for this category and prompted the launch of app-first marketplaces, such as Spain's Wallapop, France's Mercari, and Vinted.

offers proprietary auction platform technology for curated online auctions.

White-label your technology

opportunity.

automotive manufacturers.

Licensing your marketplace technology to a third party can be a highly profitable monetisation

The UK's Auction Technology Group, for example, operates six world-leading marketplaces and

Another example is British used vehicle marketplace BCA, which facilitates auctions for

\$450,900 5002 Main Street | Single Family 5 beds | 3 baths | 4,063 sqft Map View Where pportunities lie The march of marketplaces will continue to disrupt eCommerce, creating huge opportunities for first-movers and smart incumbents. Here are some of our predictions for the future. Marketplaces will catch up with retailers as the dominant online distribution channel

Continued share gain

in existing verticals...

TOTAL GLOBAL ONLINE GMV (EXC CHINA), 2020-25 (\$BN)

c.\$2tr

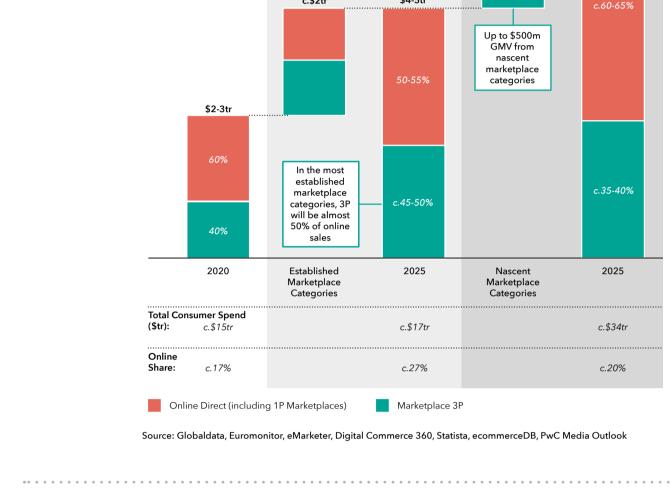
Marketplace growth will continue at 15% per year in the West and become as large as direct online retail in established categories by 2025 (accounting for 45-50% of online spend).

> ...with early penetration of nascent marketplace verticals

> > \$6-8tr

This will push direct eCommerce into decline in some markets and segments.

\$4-5tr



B2B marketplaces gain momentum

B2B marketplaces are now starting to emerge: successful players are those building out functionalities closely-tailored to the specific needs of their verticals. Typically coming from industries built around analogue and relationship-driven interactions, marketplaces are having to work hard to build trust and good experiences for buyers and sellers alike. In TV and film, players such as Vuulr have built content-viewing platforms where broadcasters and producers can interact, negotiate contracts and transact. In complex manufactured goods, Xometry has created an Aldriven RFQ platform that gives buyers instant prices and the ability to procure without lengthy negotiations - its success highlighted by a recent IPO. Even more traditional product-based marketplaces such as eporta for interior design still require specialised functionalities such as bespoke RFQs, project and inventory management. Despite the significant untapped opportunity across a broad set of B2B verticals, it is clear that the bar for success remains high, and platforms

will need to invest the time and resource to gain traction with their customer bases.

Comparison, lead generation and classified sites go transactional

Comparison, lead generation and classifieds sites will become transactional marketplaces and gain share of their categories (e.g. auto, real estate, utilities and finance). Examples include leboncoin in France and AutoScout in Germany.

The circular/ second hand economy gains share Fueled by societal trends, the circular/ second-hand market is projected to grow strongly, fueled by online consumer marketplaces opening up geographically diverse niche buyer and seller segments. Specialists will take market share Hyper-vertical marketplaces such as Vinted (second-hand fashion), Chewy (pet food), and Selency (vintage furniture) have discovered that specialisation is one way to take market share from bigger players. To combat this, mass merchants need to up their game in terms of curation and the value-added services offered by smaller specialists.

Winners will be able to capture more value from the

Facebook Marketplace will eventually join the roster

Smart retailers have adopted a hybrid direct/marketplace model to fight back.

2021, LABEL accounted for over a quarter of Next's UK online sales.

and there is a call for similar rules in the UK.

Chinese giants will step into the West

\$725bn

40%

60%

Global (excl. China)

base. It has moved into live-streamed eCommerce.

services, and only 19 offer payment services.²

The Chinese sites offer an almost comprehensive set of

Others

Largest 3

re-evaluate their approach to regulating such platforms.

goods, as well as any advantage they give to their own products.

Forward-thinking UK fashion retailer Next launched online aggregation business LABEL in 2015, which now sells over 1,300 third party brands. The move paid off: in the year to January

Safety: In Australia, marketplaces must ensure that they are hosting safe products,

Competition: The Epic Games vs Apple case, in which Epic sued Apple over alleged antitrust violations with regards to its 30% take rate on in-app transactions, highlighted the weaknesses in US antitrust law as applied to modern marketplaces. Regardless of the eventual outcome, it may well act as a trigger for lawmakers around the world to

Transparency: In the EU, all marketplaces must disclose the parameters used to rank

As discussed above, ten players account for 70% of online marketplace sales in established marketplace categories. It would be no surprise if Facebook Marketplace joins them soon. Launched in 2016, its free-to-list business model relies on advertising revenues. It has already impacted listings sites such as Craigslist and Gumtree, and marketplaces will be next in its sights, particularly if (or indeed when) it evolves from a classified advertising to a transactional

of value-added services, will be able to charge a premium take rate.

Hyper-vertical players, those with brand or curation authority, and those with a broad range

Despite many exciting opportunities for incumbents and insurgents, marketplaces will not have things entirely their own way. The online marketplace landscape will continue to evolve to include new entrants and external regulation. These may pose a threat to incumbents if not faced head-on.

marketplace model outside the USA and UK.

Retailers will fight back

ecosystem

And where are the

of global giants

risks?

Regulators will crack down The march of marketplaces hasn't escaped the attention of governments. Several have already introduced regulations relating to tax, safety, competition, and how goods are ranked. Below are some examples: Tax: From July 2021, EU marketplaces were deemed the supplier in cross-border transactions, so liable for VAT processing. Variations of this apply in Australia, the UK,

and 38 US states.

the vast base of buyers and sellers in China. Both Alibaba and JD have their sights firmly set on international expansion. The dominance of these three platforms means that the Chinese market is highly insulated and consolidated compared to Western markets, with almost no room for other players. REVENUE CONCENTRATION FOR MARKETPLACES IN THE TOP 100 GLOBAL MARKETPLACES BY 3P GMV (\$bn, 2020) Ν 4/100 96/100

Alibaba launched Aliexpress.com in 2010, enabling Chinese retailers to sell products to international consumers. Now, over 50% of traffic to Aliexpress.com is from Europe and North America.¹ Alibaba also owns South East Asian marketplace Lazada (11th largest in the world)

Whilst not a marketplace today per se, TikTok is another example of a Chinese consumer internet business looking to build an eCommerce platform. It launched a partnership with Shopify in October 2020, making it easier for merchants to access TikTok's 1 billion strong user

It's not just scale that should have Western marketplaces worried. These Chinese sites offer an almost comprehensive set of value-added services aiming to help sellers - predominantly SMEs - maximise transaction volumes. These include advertising, logistics, payments, and customer support services. By contrast, only 23 of the top 100 marketplaces globally offer fulfilment

and has a majority stake in Turkish marketplace Trendyol (20th largest in the world).

China is home to three of the four largest marketplaces in the world, Taobao and Tmall (owned by Alibaba), and JD.com. These platforms dwarf almost all other marketplaces worldwide, given

\$1,472bn

99%

China

Build a moat

impact.

We anticipate competitive and

Identify which of these are most

regulatory threats in four main areas.

likely to hurt you, and build defensive

strategies to mitigate against their

Know your customer

Invest in the best CRM and

personalise the experience,

Ride the D2C wave selling directly to

consumers or through a marketplace.

uncommon sense

with tailored content and

recommendations.

Go direct

91%

Only 1 other

Chinese marketplace features in the

top 100 globally - AliExpress with

\$13bn 2020 3P

GMV

SMEs - maximise transaction volumes What do I do about it?

1. Source: Similarweb, April-June 2021. North America includes USA, Canada and Mexico 2. Source: eCommerce DB

value-added services aiming to help sellers - predominantly

Disruption is always daunting - but for those who are on the front foot, there

Broaden the service wrap

your suppliers and buyers, through

advertising and many more - and

Offer something

marketplaces can't

Set yourself apart

promotions.

Such as omnichannel experiences

with your bricks-and-mortar estate, or

Stand out from the myriad of brands

quality listings, tailored pricing, and

through top-notch service, high-

services such as fulfilment, payments,

increase your take rate in the process.

Make life as easy as possible for

can be big rewards.

Innovate to win

in your market.

Join the club

The world's leading marketplaces

are innovating in 8 critical ways as

outlined in this report. Understand

Build your own 3P marketplace to

taking care not to cannibalise.

Flex your muscles

revenue on both sides.

Establish genuine strategic

partnerships with key marketplaces,

re-negotiating key terms around

pricing, marketing support and

volume incentives to maximise

complement your existing portfolio -

...if you are a brand

their strategies and innovations, and

determine which of these could work

Here's what we think you should be doing...

...if you are a marketplace

...if you are a retailer or travel agent

...if you are an investor With the ever growing proliferation of marketplaces in differing shapes and sizes, it can be difficult to sort the wheat from the chaff. We think the winners are going to be those that... \$ Know their niche and serve it well: those trying to be all things to all people are likely to fail \$ Serve customers and suppliers well: creating a seamless experience on both sides

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Strategy consultants

Push the boat out: continuing to innovate and evolve the model, and building defensive strategies against looming threats If you would like to discuss any of the themes covered in this report, we'd be delighted to talk

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